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Indication	Previously treated (with imatinib and sunitinib) Gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST)			
	Second line systemic therapy of Child-Pugh A locally advanced or metastatic hepatocellular carcinoma previously treated with sorafenib.			
Treatment Intent	Palliative			
Frequency and number of cycles	Repeat every 4 weeks			
	Continue until progression of disease or unacceptable toxicity			
Monitoring Parameters pre- treatment	 Monitor LFT's prior to treatment and at least every 2 weeks during the first 2 cycles. Thereafter, prior to each cycle and as clinically indicated. 			
	 Monitor FBC & U&Es prior to each cycle. If neuts <1.0 and/or PLT <50 d/w consultant 			
	 No dose reduction is required in mild hep-atic-impairment (Child-Pugh A). For moderate hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh B) d/w consultant, not recommended in severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh C). For patients with observed worsening liver function related to treatment, dose modification and monitoring advice should be followed. See table 2 for further details. 			
	 Renal impairment: No dose adjustment required. Monitor BP before first cycle and monitor BP every week during first 6 weeks of treatment. Hypertension should be managed according to usual medical management. In cases of severe or persistent hypertension despite adequate medical management, treatment should be temporarily interrupted and/or the dose reduced at the discretion of the physician. Dose modifications are made in 40mg steps. The lowest recommended daily dose is 80mg. See 			
	 also tables below. Discontinuation of regorafenib is recommended in patients developing gastrointestinal perfora- 			
	 tion or fistula. Regorafenib may interfere with wound healing, interrupt treatment if patient undergoing surgical procedure. Discontinue 2 weeks before the elective surgical procedure, and resume 4 weeks after (or at clinician's discretion). 			
	 Monitor for clinical signs and symptoms of cardiac ischaemia, especially in patients with cardiac risk factors and/or history of coronary artery disease. In the case of patients developing cardiac ischaemia, interrupt and review. 			
	Monitor for signs and symptoms of infection.			
	 Monitor coagulation if patient predisposed to bleeding or if patient on medication which increases risk of bleeding. Patients on anti-coagulants should be closely monitored (INR/PT). Posterior reversible encephalopathy syndrome (PRES) has been reported. If PRES develops, discontinue regorafenib and manage hypertension. 			
	See Table 1 for recommended dose modifications and measures for hand-foot skin reaction HSFR.			
	 <u>Drug interactions:</u> Avoid concomitant treatment with potent CYP3A4 inhibitors (e.g ketoconazole, itraconazole, clarithromycin, erythromycin) or inducers (e.g rifampicin, dexamethasone, phenytoin, carbamazepine) Regorafenib may increase the plasma concentrations of BCRP substrates (methotrexate, fluvastatin, atorvastatin). It is recommended to monitor patients closely for signs/symptoms of increased exposure to BRCP substrates. 			
	For oral self-administration: <u>refer to local Trust policy on oral anti-cancer medicines</u> and supply Patient Information Leaflet and Cancerbackup information sheet			
References	KMCC sact proforma UGI-048v2, SPC accessed on line 10/12/19, CDF list accessed on line 10/12/19			

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{NB}}$ For funding information, refer to the SACT funding spreadsheet

Protocol No	UGI-048	Kent and Medway SACT Protocol Disclaimer: No responsibility will be accepted for the accuracy of this information when used elsewhere.		
Version	V3	Written by	M.Archer	
Supersedes	V2	Checked by	C.Waters	
version			E.Parry	
Date	31/01/2019	Authorising consultant (usually NOG Chair)	J.Waters	

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Table 1: Recommended dose modifications and measures for hand-foot skin reaction (HFSR)

Skin toxicity grade	Occurrence	Recommended dose modification and measures
Grade 1	Any	Maintain dose level and immediately institute supportive measures for symptomatic relief.
Grade 2	1st occurrence	Decrease dose by 40 mg (one tablet) and immediately institute supportive measures. If no improvement occurs despite dose reduction, interrupt therapy for a minimum of 7 days, until toxicity resolves to Grade 0-1. A dose re-escalation is permitted at the discretion of the physician.
	No improvement within 7 days or 2nd occurrence	Interrupt therapy until toxicity resolves to Grade 0-1. When re-starting treatment, decrease dose by 40 mg (one tablet). A dose re-escalation is permitted at the discretion of the physician.
	3rd occurrence	Interrupt therapy until toxicity resolves to Grade 0-1. When re-starting treatment, decrease dose by 40 mg (one tablet). A dose re-escalation is permitted at the discretion of the physician.
	4th occurrence	Discontinue treatment with regorafenib permanently.
mum When		Institute supportive measures immediately. Interrupt therapy for a minimum of 7 days until toxicity resolves to Grade 0-1. When re-starting treatment, decrease dose by 40 mg (one tablet). A dose re-escalation is permitted at the discretion of the physician.
	2nd occurrence	Institute supportive measures immediately. Interrupt therapy for a minimum of 7 days until toxicity resolves to Grade 0-1. When re-starting treatment, decrease dose by 40 mg (one tablet).
	3rd occurrence	Discontinue treatment with regorafenib permanently

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Table 2: Recommended measures and dose modifications in case of drug-related liver function test abnormalities

Observed elevations of ALT and/or AST	Occurrence	Recommended measures and dose modification	
≤5 times upper limit of normal (ULN) (maximum Grade 2)	Any occurrence Monitor liver function weekly until trans		
>5 times ULN ≤20 times ULN (Grade 3)	1st occurrence	Interrupt regorafenib treatment. Monitor transaminases weekly until return to <3 times ULN or baseline. Restart: If the potential benefit outweighs the risk of hepatotoxicity, re-start Regorafenib treatment, reduce dose by 40 mg (one tablet), and monitor liver function weekly for at least 4 weeks.	
	Re-occurrence	Discontinue treatment with regorafenib permanently.	
>20 times ULN (Grade 4)	Any occurrence	nce Discontinue treatment with regorafenib permanently.	
>3 times ULN (Grade 2 or higher) with concurrent bilirubin >2 times ULN	Any occurrence	Discontinue treatment with regorafenib permanently. Monitor liver function weekly until resolution or return to baseline. Exception: patients with Gilbert's syndrome who develop elevated transaminases should be managed as per the above outlined recommendations for the respective observed elevation of ALT and/or AST.	

Repeat every 4 weeks

TTO	Drug	Dose	Route	Directions
				OD as a single dose for 3 weeks followed by 1 week rest period.
	Regorafenib (available as 40mg tablets)	160mg	PO	Tablets should be swallowed whole with water after a light (not high fat) meal. Should not be taken with grapefruit juice.
				If a dose is missed, then it should be taken on the same day as soon as possible. Two doses should not be taken on the same day to make up for a missed dose. In case of vomiting after administration, no additional tablets should be taken.
				Dispense 3x28 tablets per cycle.
	Metoclopramide	10mg	РО	TDS when required. Do not take for more than 5 days continuously.
				(dispense 28 tablets on cycle 1, then only if specified)
	Loperamide	2mg	РО	Take two capsules initially then one capsule after each loose stool when required (max. 16mg a day)
				(dispense 30 capsules on cycle 1 then only if specified)

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