

Indication	Neo-adjuvant or adjuvant treatment of BRCA+ or triple negative breast cancer.
Treatment Intent	Neo-adjuvant Adjuvant
Frequency and number of cycles	EC every 14 days for 4 cycles followed by carboplatin (every 3 weeks) & paclitaxel (weekly) repeated every 21 days for 4 cycles.
Monitoring Parameters pre-treatment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Virology screening: All new patients referred for systemic anti-cancer treatment should be screened for hepatitis B and C and the result reviewed prior to the start of treatment. Patients not previously tested who are starting a new line of treatment, should also be screened for hepatitis B and C. Further virology screening will be performed following individual risk assessment and clinician discretion. • Consider using actual BSA • <u>EC cycles 1 to 4.</u> • ECG should be checked prior to cycle 1 and undertake ECHO/MUGA as clinically indicated. • Monitor FBC, LFT and U&E at each cycle. • If neuts ≥ 1 and PLT ≥ 100 continue with treatment. If neuts < 1 or PLT < 100 delay by 1 week. • Hepatic impairment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Epirubicin: if bilirubin is 24-51 $\mu\text{mol/L}$ give 50%, if bilirubin is 52-85$\mu\text{mol/L}$ give 25%, if bilirubin is $> 85\mu\text{mol/L}$ omit. ○ Cyclophosphamide: No dose adjustment for mild or moderate impairment. Not recommended in severe impairment d/w consultant. • Renal Impairment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Cyclophosphamide: If CrCl $\geq 30\text{ml/min}$ no dose reduction necessary otherwise d/w consultant. ○ Epirubicin: If CrCl $\geq 10\text{ml/min}$ no dose adjustment needed. ○ Dose reduction should be considered if grade 3 or 4 non-haematological toxicity or repeat appearance of grade 2 (except N&V and alopecia). Delay until resolution of toxicity to \leq grade 1 • <u>Paclitaxel/Carboplatin cycles 5 to 8.</u> • EDTA/DTPA should be used to measure GFR prior to cycle 5. C+G may be used to estimate CrCl if there is a delay in obtaining EDTA result, CrCl must be $\geq 30\text{ml/min}$. Repeat EDTA if Creatinine clearance drops by 25%. • Monitor U+Es, FBC and LFTs prior to each cycle and on day 8 and 15. • If neuts < 1 or PLT < 100, delay D1 by 1 week or omit day 8/15, inform consultant of delay. If neuts ≥ 1 and PLT ≥ 100 continue with treatment. • Hepatic impairment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Carboplatin: No dose adjustment required. ○ Paclitaxel: If bilirubin $< 1.25 \times \text{ULN}$ and transaminase $< 10 \times \text{ULN}$, dose at full dose. Otherwise consider dose reduction, not recommended in severe hepatic impairment. • Renal impairment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Carboplatin: stop if CrCl $< 30\text{ml/min}$ ○ Paclitaxel: no dose reduction necessary. • Management of adverse reactions and dose adjustments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Patients developing hypersensitivity reactions to Paclitaxel may be re-challenged with full dose Paclitaxel following prophylactic medication (e.g. famotidine 40mg po given 4 hours prior to treatment plus Hydrocortisone 100mg iv and

Protocol No	BRE-077	Kent and Medway SACT Protocol Disclaimer: No responsibility will be accepted for the accuracy of this information when used elsewhere.	
Version	V2	Written by	M.Archer
Supersedes version	V1	Checked by	C.Waters P.Chhabhaiya
Date	16.01.2024	Authorising consultant (usually NOG Chair)	C.Moss

	<p>chlorphenamine 10mg iv 30 minutes prior to treatment), then give paclitaxel over 3-6 hours (i.e. starting at over 6 hours and gradually increase rate if possible).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ If patients experience no hypersensitivity reactions after the first two doses of paclitaxel, remove pre-medication with dexamethasone, chlorphenamine (and H2 antagonist) from dose 3 onwards. ○ Patients developing hypersensitivity reactions to carboplatin: Mild/moderate reactions (grade 1-2) - If symptoms resolve after treatment with hydrocortisone and chlorphenamine, the infusion may be restarted at 50% rate for 30 mins, then, if no further reaction, increase to 100% rate. ○ If symptoms do not resolve after treatment with hydrocortisone and chlorphenamine, do not restart the infusion. At consultant's discretion, patients may be re-challenged at a later date with additional prophylaxis. In the event of further reaction (grade 1-3), stop infusion and consider alternative treatment. ○ Severe (grade 3): Do not restart infusion. Consider alternative treatment. ○ Anaphylaxis (grade 4): Follow anaphylaxis protocol. Discontinue permanently and consider alternative treatment. ○ Dose reduce Paclitaxel by 20% in the event of \geq grade 2 neuropathy and consider a delay until recovery to \leq grade 1. ○ Consider omitting paclitaxel in event of recurrent \geq grade 3 neuropathy or recurrent OR persistent \geq grade 2 neuropathy following a dose reduction. ○ Dose reduction should be considered if grade 3 or 4 non-haematological toxicity or repeat appearance of grade 2 (except N&V and alopecia). Delay until resolution of toxicity to \leq grade 1. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Common drug interactions (for comprehensive list refer to BNF/SPC): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Avoid concomitant use of paclitaxel with CYP2C8 or CYP3A4 inducers (e.g. rifampicin, carbamazepine, phenytoin) and inhibitors (e.g. ketoconazole erythromycin, fluoxetine, gemfibrozil, clopidogrel, cimetidine, ritonavir, nelfinavir). ○ Carboplatin: Caution with other nephrotoxic drugs. ○ Caution, ciclosporin increases concentration of epirubicin.
References	KMCC protocol BRE-059 EC followed by Carboplatin & Paclitaxel for Breast Cancer SPC accessed online 10.10.2023 Breast NOG discussion 12.09.2023

NB For funding information, refer to CDF and NICE Drugs Funding List

Protocol No	BRE-077	Kent and Medway SACT Protocol Disclaimer: No responsibility will be accepted for the accuracy of this information when used elsewhere.	
Version	V2	Written by	M.Archer
Supersedes version	V1	Checked by	C.Waters P.Chhabhaiya
Date	16.01.2024	Authorising consultant (usually NOG Chair)	C.Moss

Cycle 1-4 Repeat every 14 days

Day	Drug	Dose	Route	Infusion Duration	Administration
1	Dexamethasone	8mg	PO		
	Ondansetron	<75yrs 16mg >=75yrs 8mg	IV	15 min	In 50ml Sodium chloride 0.9%
	EPIRUBICIN	90mg/m²	IV	Slow bolus	Through the side of a fast running Sodium Chloride 0.9% intravenous infusion
	CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE	600mg/m²	IV	Slow bolus	Through the side of a fast running Sodium Chloride 0.9% intravenous infusion
TTO	Drug	Dose		Directions	
Day 1	Dexamethasone	6mg	PO	OM for 3 days. Take with or just after food, or a meal.	
	Metoclopramide	10mg	PO	10mg up to 3 times a day as required. Do not take for more than 5 days continuously.	
	Ondansetron	8mg	PO	BD for 3 days	
	Filgrastim	300 mcg or consider dose of 480 mcg if patient > 80kg	SC	OD starting on day 3 for 5 days	

Protocol No	BRE-077	Kent and Medway SACT Protocol Disclaimer: No responsibility will be accepted for the accuracy of this information when used elsewhere.		
Version	V2	Written by	M.Archer	
Supersedes version	V1	Checked by	C.Waters P.Chhabhaiya	
Date	16.01.2024	Authorising consultant (usually NOG Chair)	C.Moss	

Cycle 5-8 Repeat every 21 days

Day	Drug	Dose	Route	Infusion Duration	Administration
Day 1	Give pre-meds 30 minutes prior to paclitaxel				
	Dexamethasone	8mg (may be reduced to 4mg on subsequent doses)	IV	Bolus	
	Chlorphenamine	10mg	IV	Slow bolus	Through the side of a fast running Sodium Chloride 0.9% intravenous infusion.
	Ondansetron	<75yrs 16mg >=75yrs 8mg	IV	15 min	Sodium chloride 0.9% 50ml
	PACLITAXEL	80mg/m²	IV	1 hr	In 250ml Sodium Chloride 0.9% (non-PVC bag and non-PVC administration set) via in-line 0.22 microns filter. Flush with sodium chloride 0.9%
	CARBOPLATIN Dose = (GFR + 25) x AUC	AUC 6 (maximum dose 700mg)	IV	30 mins	in 500ml 5% glucose
Days 8 & 15	Give pre-meds 30 minutes prior to paclitaxel				
	Dexamethasone	8mg (may be reduced to 4mg on subsequent doses)	IV	Bolus	
	Chlorphenamine	10mg	IV	Slow bolus	Through the side of a fast running Sodium Chloride 0.9% intravenous infusion.
	Metoclopramide	10mg	IV	Bolus	
	PACLITAXEL	80mg/m²	IV	1 hr	In 250ml Sodium Chloride 0.9% (non-PVC bag and non-PVC administration set) via in-line 0.22 microns filter. Flush with sodium chloride 0.9%

Protocol No	BRE-077	Kent and Medway SACT Protocol Disclaimer: No responsibility will be accepted for the accuracy of this information when used elsewhere.		
Version	V2	Written by	M.Archer	
Supersedes version	V1	Checked by	C.Waters P.Chhabhaiya	
Date	16.01.2024	Authorising consultant (usually NOG Chair)	C.Moss	

TTO cycle 5-8 Repeat every 21 days

TTO	Drug	Dose	Route	Directions
Day 1	Dexamethasone	6mg	PO	OM for 3 days
	Ondansetron	8mg	PO	BD for 3 days
	Filgrastim	300 mcg or consider dose of 480 mcg if patient > 80kg	SC	OD starting on day 3 for 5 days
Day 1, 8 & 15	Metoclopramide	10mg	PO	3 times a day for 3 days, then 10mg up to 3 times a day as required. Do not take for more than 5 days continuously.
Day 8 & 15	Dexamethasone	4mg	PO	OM for 2 days NB Dexamethasone iv included as part of pre-med before paclitaxel in cycles 5-8

Protocol No	BRE-077	Kent and Medway SACT Protocol Disclaimer: No responsibility will be accepted for the accuracy of this information when used elsewhere.	
Version	V2	Written by	M.Archer
Supersedes version	V1	Checked by	C.Waters P.Chhabhaiya
Date	16.01.2024	Authorising consultant (usually NOG Chair)	C.Moss