	The neo-adjuvant then adjuvant or adjuvant treatment of clinically defined axillary node			
Indication	positive HER2-positive early breast cancer.			
Treatment Intent	Neo-adjuvant / Adjuvant			
Frequency and number of cycles	 Every 3 weeks. Maximum of 6 cycles of TCPhesgo (if given neo-adjuvantly give these 6 cycles prior to surgery) followed by 12 cycles of pertuzumab and trastuzumab (SC) or until disease recurrence, or unmanageable toxicity, or patient's decision whichever occurs first. For patients with residual invasive disease following neo-adjuvant therapy and surgery offer trastuzumab emtansine (Kadcyla®) to a maximum of 14 cycles. Note: A maximum of 18 cycles of HER2-directed therapy (neo-adjuvant plus adjuvant) are funded provided all other criteria are met. NB patients can be switched between combination SC therapy (Phesgo®) or pertuzumab and trastuzumab IV therapy if the clinical need arises with the usual dosing interval. 			
Monitoring parameters pre-treatment	 Virology screening: All new patients referred for systemic anti-cancer treatment should be screened for hepatitis B and C and the result reviewed prior to the start of treatment. Patients not previously tested who are starting a new line of treatment, should also be screened for hepatitis B and C. Further virology screening will be performed following individual risk assessment and clinician discretion. The use of trastuzumab and pertuzumab SC is restricted to patients whose tumours significantly overexpress HER2 at the 3+ level by IHC or FISH/CISH positive disease. Ensure Dexamethasone pre-medication (8mg bd for 3 days starting day before docetaxel) is prescribed and given to the patient at new patient chat. At each nurse assessment, patients should be assessed for signs of dyspnoea. FBC, U&Es and LFTs at each cycle of TCPhesgo, and then every 3 months, i.e. pre the 1st, 5th and 9th dose of maintenance trastuzumab and pertuzumab to correspond with pre cycle 7,11 and 15 of the regimen. Prior to each cycle of TCPhesgo, if neuts <1.0 or PLT <100 delay by 1 week. If neuts >/= 1 and PLT >/=100 continue with treatment. Consider EDTA/ DTPA, otherwise C&G may be used to estimate CrCl. GFR (C&G) or EDTA/ DTPA must be >/= 30ml/min. If CrCl drops by >/=25% d/w consultant. Renal and Hepatic Impairment: Carboplatin: Modify carboplatin if renal impairment (based on results from day 1 of each cycle). CrCl 31-49ml/min use AUC 5. Docetaxel: Consider dose reduction of docetaxel in hepatic impairment. Docetaxel is not recommended in severe hepatic impairment. Cardiac function must be monitored. An ECHO/ MUGA should be carried out at the start of treatment. An ECG should be carried out at the start of treatment. Record on KOMs Cardiac Monitoring Record. <			

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	• It is the prescriber's responsibility to check that the ECHO/MUGA result is
	 satisfactory before continuing treatment. Pertuzumab and trastuzumab SC should be withheld for at least 3 weeks in the
	event of signs and symptoms of CHF or drop in LVEF to less than 50% associated
	with a fall of $>/=10\%$ points below pre-treatment values. Pertuzumab and
	trastuzumab may be resumed if the LVEF has recovered to >/=50% or to a
	difference of < 10% points below pre-treatment values.
•	Pertuzumab and trastuzumab SC Injection duration and monitoring: The loading dose
	of pertuzumab and trastuzumab SC should be administered over 8 minutes, and the
	maintenance dose over 5 minutes. Patients must be observed closely for injection
	related adverse effects during administration and for 30 minutes after the completion
	of the loading dose of pertuzumab and trastuzumab SC and for 15 minutes after the
	completion of maintenance doses. If a significant injection-related reaction occurs, the
	injection should be slowed down or paused and appropriate medical therapies should
	be administered.
	Patients should be evaluated and carefully monitored until complete resolution of signs
	and symptoms. Discontinue pertuzumab and trastuzumab in the event of grade 4
	hypersensitivity reaction.
•	Docetaxel: Patients who have developed severe hypersensitivity reactions should not
	be re-challenged with docetaxel. The patient can be switched to a trial of weekly
	paclitaxel.
•	Administration of pertuzumab and trastuzumab SC
	• Inject into the subcutaneous tissue of the thigh only. Injection sites should
	alternate between left and right thigh. New injections should be given at least 2.5
	cm from the previous site. Do not inject at other sites of the body.
	 Pertuzumab and trastuzumab solution for subcutaneous injection should never be
	injected into areas where the skin is red, bruised, tender, or hard.
	 The dose should not be split between two syringes or between two sites of
	administration.
	 During treatment with pertuzumab and trastuzumab solution for subcutaneous
	injection, do not administer other medicinal products for subcutaneous use at the
	same site.
•	Re-loading: The loading doses of pertuzumab and trastuzumab SC should be repeated
	if the interval between injections is 6 weeks or more (i.e. if the doses are missed by 3
	weeks or more), thereafter the maintenance dose can be given. NB This applies
	regardless of whether prior treatment was pertuzumab iv and trastuzumab iv or
	pertuzumab and trastuzumab SC.
•	Dose reduction:
	• Dose reductions of docetaxel and/ or carboplatin should be considered if grade 3
	or 4 non-haematological toxicity or repeat appearance of grade 2 (except N&V and
	alopecia). Delay until resolution of toxicity to = grade 1.</td
	• No dose reductions are recommended for pertuzumab and trastuzumab SC.
	 There should be no dose escalation of docetaxel.
•	Common drug interactions (for comprehensive list refer to BNF/SPC):
	 Pertuzumab and trastuzumab SC: No formal drug interaction studies have been
	performed. Caution with other cardiotoxic drugs.
	 Docetaxel: Concomitant use with medicines which induce, inhibit or are
	metabolised by cytochrome P450-3A (e.g. ciclosporin, ketoconazole and
	erythromycin) may affect levels of docetaxel, use with caution. Avoid concomitant
	use with strong CYP3A4 inhibitors (e.g. ketoconazole, itraconazole, clarithromycin
1	and ritonavir), if treatment cannot be avoided consider dose reduction of
	docetaxel and monitor patient closely for signs of toxicity.

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	• Driving: Pertuzumab and trastuzumab (Phesgo) has minor influence on the ability to drive and use machines. Patients experiencing injection-related reactions or dizziness should be advised not to drive and use machines until symptoms resolve.
Reference(s)	KMCC protocol BRE-080 V1 SPC accessed online 20.09.2023

NB For funding information, refer to CDF and NICE Drugs Funding List

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Cycle 1: 21 day cycle

Day	Drug	Dose	Route	Infusion/ injection Duration	Administration Details
	Phesgo® (pertuzumab/ trastuzumab)	1200mg pertuzumab /600mg trastuzumab	sc	8 minutes	Inject 15 mL into the subcutaneous tissue of the left or right thigh over 8 minutes. Do not inject at other sites of the body. Injection sites should be rotated for successive injections.
1	minutes	on of Phesgo [®] , obser			rsensitivity reactions for 30 ed prior to any subsequent
	Please ensure dexame	ethasone pre-med h	as been tal	ken prior to adm	ninistration of chemotherapy
	Ondansetron	<75yrs 16mg <u>></u> 75yrs 8mg	IV	15 mins	In 50ml sodium chloride 0.9%
	DOCETAXEL	75mg/m ²	IV	1 hr	Sodium Chloride 0.9% 250ml
	CARBOPLATIN	AUC 6 Dose = 6 x (GFR + 25) (capped at 700mg)	IV	30 min	Glucose 5% 500ml
тто	Drug	Dose	Route	Directions	
1	Dexamethasone	6mg	РО	OM for 2 days starting on day 3	
	Metoclopramide	10mg	РО		3 days, then 10mg up to TDS take for more than 5 days
	Ondansetron	8mg	РО	BD for 3 days	after docetaxel / carboplatin
	Dexamethasone	8mg	РО	BD for 3 days cycle of doce	s starting the day before next taxel
	Filgrastim	300 micrograms or consider dose of 480 micrograms if patient > 80kg	SC	OD starting d	lay 2 for 7 days
	Loperamide	2mg-4mg	PO	stool when re	tially then 2mg after each loose equired (max. 16mg per day). ginal pack on cycle 1 then only if

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Day	Drug	Dose	Route	Infusion/ Injection Duration	Administration Details
	Phesgo® (pertuzumab/ trastuzumab)	600mg pertuzumab /600mg trastuzumab	sc	5 minutes	Inject 10 mL into the subcutaneous tissue of the left or right thigh over 5 minutes. Do not inject at other sites of the body. Injection sites should be rotated for successive injections.
		on of Phesgo [®] , obser			ersensitivity reactions for 15 minutes ted prior to any subsequent
1	Please ensure dexam	ethasone pre-med ha	as been tal	ken prior to ad	lministration of chemotherapy
	Ondansetron	<75yrs 16mg >/= 75yrs 8mg	IV	15 mins	In 50ml sodium chloride 0.9%
	DOCETAXEL	75mg/m²	IV	1 hr	Sodium Chloride 0.9% 250ml
	CARBOPLATIN	AUC 6 Dose = 6 x (GFR + 25) (capped at 700mg)	IV	30 min	Glucose 5% 500ml
TTO	Drug	Dose	Route		Directions
1	Dexamethasone	6mg	PO	OM for 2 days starting on day 3	
Cycles 2-6	Metoclopramide	10mg	PO	Take TDS for 3 days, then 10mg up to TDS PRN Do not take for more than 5 days continuously	
	Ondansetron	8mg	PO	BD for 3 days	
	Filgrastim	300 micrograms or consider dose of 480 micrograms if patient > 80kg	SC	OD starting on day 2 for 7 days	
	Loperamide	2mg-4mg	PO	stool whe	initially then 2mg after each loose n required (max. 16mg per day). original pack on cycle 1 then only if
Day 1 Cycles 2-5	Dexamethasone	8mg	РО	BD for 3 d of doceta	ays starting the day before next cycle kel

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Cycles 7-18: repeat every 21 days

Day	Drug	Dose	Route	Injection Duration	Administration Details
1	Phesgo [®] (pertuzumab/ trastuzumab)	600mg pertuzumab/ 600mg trastuzumab	SC	5 minutes	Inject 10 mL into the subcutaneous tissue of the left or right thigh over 5 minutes. Do not inject at other sites of the body. Injection sites should be rotated for successive injections.
	Patients should be observed for injection-related reactions and hypersensitivity reactions for 15 minutes following administration of Phesgo [®]				

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